

May is Electrical Safety Month

Throughout the year and especially during Electrical Safety Month, the National Fire Protection Agency and the Consumer Product Safety Commission want you to be aware of potential electrical hazards in your home that could impact your personal safety. According to statistics provided by the NFPA, on the average 28,300 residential electrical fires occur annually resulting in 360 deaths, 1,000 injuries and \$995 million in direct loss. 15 percent of these fires will originate in a bedroom, and in 47 percent, building wiring will be involved. The following safety tips are offered by our federal agencies:

- Immediately call an electrician if you have problems with blown fuses or circuit breakers, unusually warm outlets or switches, or (from within a wall) you detect a sizzling sound or burning odor. Overtaxing an electrical circuit produces heat. In 30 percent of electrical fires, overheated electrical wires ignited the insulation and structural members around them. Fires that start this way are 71 percent more likely to spread beyond the point of ignition and are responsible for 38 percent of the fatalities attributed to electrical fires.
- Older homes should have their electrical systems examined by a licensed electrician and every home should be
 examined at least once every 10 years. A licensed electrician can analyze the system to determine if additional
 capacity is required. According to Underwriters Laboratories over 30 million homes are at least 50 years old. The
 electrical systems in these homes were not designed for nor did electrical codes require that they handle the
 demands placed on them by today's consumers.
- Talk to your electrician about installing Arc Fault Circuit Interrupters in your home. Unlike the Ground Fault Interrupters which protect the consumer from danger of shock, an AFCI detects dangerous electrical arcing and will shut down the circuit before a fire can ignite. The NFPA identified electrical arcing as the probable cause in 72 percent of the fires categorized as electrical.
- Buy electrical products from legitimate retailers and avoid products with no identifying marks. In recent years, the CPSC has recalled more than a million counterfeit electrical products. They account for 18 percent of the counterfeit items seized by U.S. Customs (second only to footwear). Counterfeit electrical items typically look like items certified for safety by labs like UL. They may even bear a counterfeit UL tag. Unfortunately, use of these items can result in shock, fire and electrocution. Seized items have included hair dryers, extension cords and power strips.
- Download this <u>Home Safety Checklist</u> from the CPSC website for recommended methods to promote electrical safety in your home. Don't take chances with your safety. Information courtesy of the <u>Electrical Safety</u> Foundation International.
- As always, use caution when maintaining your home and know your limits. Consult a professional when necessary.

Visit Allstate Be Aware and Prepare and the Insurance Institute for Business & Home Safety for more, helpful information.